## AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 15, 2008

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1696

## Introduced by Assembly Members Bass, Krekorian, and Portantino

February 23, 2007

An act to add and repeal Section 14998.15 of the Government Code, relating to the California Film Commission, *and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately*.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1696, as amended, Bass. California Film Commission: financial assistance: motion picture production.

Existing law establishes the California Film Commission in the Business, Transportation and Housing Agency and requires the commission to work to encourage motion picture and television filming in California, make recommendations to the Legislature, the Governor, the agency, and other state agencies on legislative or administrative actions that may be necessary or helpful to maintain and improve the position of the state's motion picture industry in the national and world markets, and develop and oversee the implementation of a Cooperative Motion Picture Marketing Plan.

This bill would create a financial assistance program, to be administered by the California Film Commission, for the productions of qualified motion pictures, as defined, in California, subject to specified limitations. This bill would require the commission to report to the Legislature, on or before June 1, 2009, and to annually thereafter, on the diversity of the workforce employed by qualified motion pictures.

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This bill would also require the Business, Transportation and Housing Agency to report to the Legislature regarding the effectiveness of the grants created by the bill.

The bill would require an applicant to certify under penalty of perjury that he or she is the applicant entitled to claim the financial assistance authorized for the production of a qualified motion picture, thus imposing a state-mandated local program by expanding the scope of an existing crime.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: majority <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 14998.15 is added to the Government 2 Code, to read:
- 14998.15. (a) Beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the California Film Commission shall administer a program to provide grants to encourage filming motion pictures and commercials
- 6 within California.

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- (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "Ancillary product" means any article for sale to the public that contains a portion of, or any element of, the motion picture.
- (2) "Budget" means an estimate of all expenses paid or incurred during the production period of a motion picture. It shall be the same budget used by the qualified and production company for all qualified motion picture purposes.
- (3) "Clip use" means a use of any portion of a motion picture, other than the qualified motion picture, used in the qualified motion picture.
- 17 (4) (A) "Employee fringe benefits" means the amount allowable 18 as a deduction under this part to the qualified applicant involved 19 in the production of the qualified motion picture for any year during
- 20 the production period with respect to any of the following:

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(i) Employer contributions under any pension, profit-sharing, annuity, or similar plan.

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- (ii) Employer-provided coverage under any accident or health plan for employees.
- (iii) The employer's cost of life or disability insurance provided to employees.
- (B) Any amount treated as wages under clause (i) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (20) shall not be taken into account under this paragraph.
- (5) "Licensing" means any grant of rights to distribute the qualified motion picture, in whole or in part.
- (6) "Movie of the week" and "miniseries" both mean a motion picture, produced for initial exploitation on television, which contains a scripted storyline requiring two or more consecutive hours of programming.
- (7) "New to California" means a television series that has not previously engaged in principal photography in this state, other than for a production that is a pilot or presentation.
- (8) "New use" means any use of a motion picture in a medium other than the medium for which it was initially created.
- (9) (A) "Postproduction" means the final activities in a qualified motion picture's production, including editing, foley recording, automatic dialogue replacement, sound editing, scoring and music editing, beginning and end credits, negative cutting, negative processing and duplication, the addition of sound and visual effects, soundmixing, film to tape film-to-tape transfers, encoding, and color correction.
- (B) "Postproduction" does not include the manufacture or shipping of release prints.
- (10) "Preproduction" means the process of preparation for actual physical production which begins after a qualified motion picture has received a firm agreement of financial commitment, or is greenlit, with, for example, the establishment of a dedicated production office, the hiring of key crew members, and includes, but is not limited to, activities that include location scouting and execution of contracts with vendors of equipment and stage space.
- (11) "Principal photography" means the phase of production during which the motion picture is actually shot, as distinguished from preproduction and postproduction.

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 (12) "Production accountant" means an employee of the production company whose duties include some or all of the following activities: oversight of production budgets, cost reporting, order management, payment of expenses, and the review of financial reports for accuracy and completeness.

- (13) "Production company" means a company primarily engaged in qualified production activities that have been approved by the California Film Commission.
- (14) "Production period" means the period of time in which the preproduction, principal photography, and postproduction occurs until the qualified motion picture is completed, as described in clause (v) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (18).
  - (15) (A) "Qualified amount" means all of the following:
- (i) The total amount paid or incurred during the production period for qualified wages with respect to the production of each qualified motion picture.
- (ii) The total amount paid or incurred during the production period for qualified property.
- (iii) Amounts paid or incurred for qualified wages and qualified property related to the qualified motion picture for preproduction costs that include set design and construction, props, wardrobe, prosthetics, testing, and location scouting that are paid or incurred. In the case of a television series described in clause (ii) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (18), the amounts paid or incurred for the items described in this subparagraph shall be ratably allocated amongst the episodes produced in the first season.
- (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), the term "qualified amount" shall not include any qualified wages paid or incurred for services performed nor any qualified property purchased or leased before January 1, 2008.
- (16) "Qualified entity" means a personal service corporation as defined in Section 269A(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code, a payroll services corporation, or any entity receiving qualified wages with respect to services performed by a qualified individual.
- (17) (A) "Qualified individual" means any individual who performs services during the production period in an activity related to the production of a qualified motion picture.
- 38 (B) "Qualified individual" shall not include either of the 39 following:

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(i) Any individual related to the qualified applicant as described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of Section 51(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (ii) Any 5-percent owner, as defined in Section 416(i)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, of the qualified applicant.
- (18) (A) "Qualified motion picture" means any motion picture that is produced, adapted, or altered for exploitation in, on, or through any medium or by any device, including, but not limited to, a motion picture produced for exploitation in movie theaters, through any form of television, videotapes, videodiscs, DVDs, or any other digital format or on commercial carriers. "Qualified motion picture" shall also include, but shall not be limited to, all adapted versions thereof, whether adapted for exploitation in any language, for any media, or otherwise.
- (B) (i) "Qualified motion picture" shall not include any motion picture produced for private noncommercial use, such as weddings or graduations, by students made as part of any educational course, or any motion picture produced for industrial purposes.
- (ii) "Qualified motion picture" shall not include a news program, current events or public events program, talk show, game show, sporting event or activity, awards show, telethon or other production that solicits funds, reality television program, a feature where 80 percent or more of the content consists of computer-generated images, clip-based programming if more than 50 percent of the content is comprised of licensed footage, documentaries, variety programs, daytime dramas, strip shows, one-half-hour (air time) air time episodic television shows, or any production that falls within the recordkeeping requirements of Section 2257 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
- (C) To qualify as a "qualified motion picture," all of the following additional conditions shall be satisfied:
- (i) The qualified motion picture shall be a feature with a minimum budget of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and a maximum budget of seventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000), or a movie of the week or miniseries with a minimum budget of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) and a maximum budget of seventy-five million dollars (\$75,000,000).
- (ii) A qualified motion picture shall also include a single episode in a single season, not to exceed 22 episodes per season, of a television series new to California with a minimum budget of five

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1 hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) and a maximum budget of 2 one million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$1,800,000) per 3 episode. This clause shall only apply to the first three seasons of 4 a television series that is new to California.

- (iii) The actual expenses totaled at the completion of the qualified motion picture must fall within the fiscal ranges established in clause (i) or (ii) at the time of application to the California Film Commission.
- (iv) At least 75 percent of the total days spent in principal photography of a qualified motion picture occur wholly in California.
- (v) Production of the qualified motion picture is completed within 30 months of the date on which the qualified application was approved by the California Film Commission. For the purposes of this section, a qualified motion picture is "completed" when the process of postproduction has been finished, and a final answer print or broadcast delivery air master of the qualified motion picture is produced.
- (vi) Principal photography of the qualified motion picture begins within 180 days of the designation of the qualified applicant as a qualified applicant by the California Film Commission.
- (D) For the purposes of clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (C), the following additional rules apply:
- (i) In computing the total amounts paid or incurred for the production of a qualified motion picture, all amounts paid or incurred by all persons or entities that share in the costs of the qualified motion picture shall be aggregated.
- (ii) In the case of a television series, described in clause (ii) of subparagraph (C), each episode shall be treated as a separate qualified motion picture.
- (E) For purposes of computing the limitations under this paragraph, "wages" means all amounts described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (20), provided that these amounts are paid for services performed or rendered within this state.
- (19) (A) "Qualified property" means tangible personal property purchased or leased in California and is used primarily in the production of a qualified motion picture.
- (B) "Qualified property" shall not include a story, script, or scenario to be used for a qualified motion picture, or the literary, dramatic, or musical material upon which the qualified motion

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1 picture is based or may be adapted, or any rights related to the 2 foregoing.

(20) (A) "Qualified wages" means all of the following:

- (i) Any wages reported under Section 13050 of the Unemployment Insurance Code that were paid or incurred by the production company involved in the production of a qualified motion picture with respect to a qualified individual for services performed on the qualified motion picture production within this state.
- (ii) The portion of any employee fringe benefits paid or incurred by the production company involved in the production of the qualified motion picture that are properly allocable to qualified wage amounts described in clause (i).
- (iii) Any payments made to a qualified entity for services performed on a qualified motion picture in this state by qualified individuals within the meaning of paragraph (17).
- (iv) Remuneration paid to an independent contractor, as described in Section 2750.5 of the Labor Code, who is a qualified individual for services performed within this state by that qualified individual.
  - (B) "Qualified wages" shall not include any of the following:
- (i) Expenses, including wages, for legal or accounting services except production accountants.
- (ii) Expenses, including wages, in excess of the first twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) paid per person per qualified motion picture for writers, directors, music directors, music composers, music supervisors, producers, and performers, other than background actors with no scripted lines.
- (iii) Expenses, including wages, related to new use, reuse, clip use, licensing, secondary markets, or residual compensation, or the creation of any ancillary product, including, but not limited to, a soundtrack album, toy, game, trailer, or teaser.
- (iv) Expenses, including wages, paid or incurred with respect to acquisition, development, turnaround, or any rights thereto.
- (v) Expenses, including wages, related to financing, overhead, marketing, promotion, or distribution of a qualified motion picture.
- (21) "Residual compensation" means supplemental compensation paid at the time that a motion picture is exhibited through new use, reuse, clip use, or in secondary markets, as distinguished from payments made during production.

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(22) "Reuse" means any use of a qualified motion picture in the same medium for which it was created, following the initial use in that medium.

- (23) "Secondary markets" means media in which a qualified motion picture is exhibited following the initial media in which it is exhibited.
- (c) No financial assistance shall be allowed pursuant to this section unless the qualified applicant substantiates, by adequate books and records or by sufficient evidence corroborating his or her own statement, that:
- (1) The qualified wages and the qualified property on which the financial assistance was calculated were actually paid or incurred in the amount claimed. Substantiation of this item shall include proof that the services were performed in California and the qualified property was purchased or leased in California.
- (2) The motion picture was a qualified motion picture. Substantiation of this item shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (A) Identification of each qualified individual.
  - (B) The specific start and end dates of production.
- (C) The total wages paid and amount and type of qualified property purchased.
- (D) The amount of qualified wages paid to each qualified individual.
- (E) Certification from the Director of the California Film Commission that identifies the motion picture as a qualified motion picture.
- (d) If the program participant fails to attach the certification issued by the California Film Commission in accordance with subdivision (e), the financial assistance provided shall be disallowed and assessed and collected.
- (e) For purposes of this section, the Director of the California Film Commission shall do all of the following:
- (1) With respect to the reservation and allocation of financial assistance:
  - (A) Reserve allocations of financial assistance for applicants.
- (B) Establish a procedure for program applicants to file with the California Film Commission a written application, on a form prescribed by the California Film Commission. The application

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shall be filed under penalty of perjury and include, but not be limited to, the following information:

- (i) The budget for the motion picture production.
- (ii) A one-line shooting schedule.

- (iii) A financing plan for the production.
- (iv) The copyright registration number for the screenplay, as reflected on the certificate of registration issued under the authority of Section 410 of Title 17 of the United States Code, relating to registration of claim and issuance of certificate.
- (v) The diversity of the workforce employed by the qualified applicant, including, but not limited to, the ethnic and racial makeup of the individuals employed by the qualified applicant during the production of the qualified motion picture, to the extent possible.
- (vi) Any other information deemed relevant by the California Film Commission.
- (C) Determine and designate who is a qualified applicant meeting the requirements of this section.
- (D) Process and approve, or reject, all applications on a first-come-first-served basis.
- (E) Provide for the cancellation of the reservation of financial assistance, if principal photography on the qualified motion picture does not begin within 180 days after notification of the reservation of allocated financial assistance by the California Film Commission, in accordance with subdivision (f).
  - (2) With respect to the certification of financial assistance:
- (A) Certify financial assistance allowed to program applicants with an existing and noncanceled reservation of financial assistance.
- (B) Establish specific audit requirements, in addition to those provided under current law, that must be complied with prior to the issuance of a certificate by the California Film Commission, and provide for the reallocation of previously reserved allocations of financial assistance, in accordance with subdivision (f), that are disallowed pursuant to the audit requirements.
- (C) Issue a certificate to the qualified applicant setting forth the name of the qualified applicant, identification of the qualified motion picture, and the total amount of the financial assistance allocated.

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(D) Establish an appeals procedure with the California Film Commission regarding the amount of the certified financial assistance allowed.

- (3) No later than March 1, 2008, the California Film Commission shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to establish procedures, processes, requirements, and rules identified in or required to implement this section. Rules and regulations may be adopted on an emergency basis if necessary to meet the March 1, 2008, deadline. The California Film Commission may amend these rules and regulations as necessary. The California Film Commission may adopt rules and regulations to more narrowly define the terms listed in subdivision (b) to limit their meaning, but may not expand the definition of any terms defined in subdivision (b).
- (f) The aggregate amount of financial assistance that may be allocated, upon appropriation by the Legislature, in any calendar year pursuant to this section shall be an amount equal to the sum of all of the following:
- (1) \_\_\_\_\_ dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_) for each calendar quarter, and each calendar quarter thereafter.
- (2) The unused financial assistance, if any, for the preceding ealendar quarter.
- (3) The amount of previously allocated financial assistance canceled or disallowed in the preceding calendar quarter by reason of subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) or subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).
- (f) Up to 25 percent of any amount appropriated by the Legislature may be allocated by the film commission for this program for each calendar quarter of the fiscal year. The quarterly allocations may be increased to include:
- (1) The unused financial assistance, if any, for the preceding calendar quarter.
- (2) The amount of previously allocated financial assistance cancelled or disallowed in the preceding calendar quarter by reason of subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) or subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).

<del>(i)</del>

(g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2018, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2018, deletes or extends that date.

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SEC. 2. The California Film Commission shall report to the Legislature on or before June 1, 2009, and annually thereafter, on the diversity of the workforce employed for a qualified motion picture by the qualified applicants that received financial assistance under Section 14998.15 of the Government Code. The report shall include, but shall not be limited to, information regarding the ethnic and racial makeup of the workforce, as provided by the qualified applicants.

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- SEC. 3. (a) On or before December 31, 2011, the Business, Transportation and Housing Agency shall report to the Legislature on the economic impact of the financial assistance program created by this act. In preparing the report, the agency shall consider, but is not limited to considering, all of the following:
- (1) The number and increase or decrease of qualified motion pictures produced in California.
- (2) The amount of total qualified wages paid or incurred in California.
- (3) The level of employment in the production industry in California.
- (4) The demographics and geographic distribution of the workforce involved in productions that benefit from the tax incentives created by this act.
- (b) The agency may consult with the Employment Development Department, representatives of industry, and labor organizations.
- SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.
- 34 SEC. 5. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the 35 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within 36 the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

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- 1 In order to provide immediate and essential stimulation to the
- 2 economy of the state, it is necessary that this act take effect
- 3 immediately.